Recognising the Difference between **Domestic Abuse** and Parental Conflict



You may find yourself supporting a family and wondering whether the behaviours you are seeing indicate domestic abuse or parental conflict. The two are very different (although can look similar), and it is important that professionals working with families are able to identify which is happening, and how to respond with the appropriate advice and support.



Questions to consider if you are worried about potential domestic abuse to one of your service users

There are different kinds of domestic abuse, but it's always about having power and control over the other person. If your service user answers yes to any of the below, they could be experiencing abuse from a partner or co-parent.

Use the below checklists to help decide **Emotional** whether the situation is domestic Belittled, put down, or being told they are abuse or parental conflict so the correct always wrong support can be accessed: Been blamed for arguments or for the abuse **Psychological** Prevented from going to work or college Service user is frightened of the individual **Expected to meet unreasonable demands** Prevented from going about their for attention everyday activities **Accused of flirting or having affairs** Received threats to hurt or kill them, Isolated from family and friends their family or pets **Had belongings destroyed Financial Emails, text messages or letters accessed** Access to money or assets limited or controlled without their consent **Prevented from working** Harassed or followed Frightened by shouting and swearing Sexual Been touched in a way they don't want to **Physical** be touched Been hit, slapped or punched Unwanted sexual demands upon them or felt Been kicked or bitten they couldn't say no to sex **Pushed or shoved** Called hurtful names like 'slag' Photos of intimate moments taken without **Been frightened by partner intentionally** their consent driving dangerously



IF ANY ABOVE BOXES ARE TICKED, YOUR SERVICE USER MAY BE EXPERIENCING DOMESTIC ABUSE.

Consider whether your service user has been open to a domestic abuse service within the last 24 months, or whether there has been a previous incident where police have been called.

Domestic violence can happen against anyone — regardless of age, background, gender identity, sex, religion, sexual orientation or ethnicity, and anybody can be an abuser.



Where to find support for domestic abuse

Please contact Domestic Abuse Support Service (DASS) if your service user lives in Cambridgeshire or Peterborough and you would like advice or support.

Telephone: 0300 373 1073 (freephone) • Email: DASSreferrals@impakt.org.uk



IDVA Service and/or MARAC Referral Form: www.cambsdasv.org.uk/web/make a referral/593292



IF BOXES ARE ONLY TICKED FROM THE BELOW SECTION, IT IS MORE LIKELY THE SITUATION IS PARENTAL CONFLICT.

What does parental conflict look like?	
Trying to win	No resolution at the end of an argument
Making personal comments	Shouting, swearing, bickering
Not listening to the other person	Undermining each other
Silent treatment	Child/ren wishing their parents were friends with each other

Where to find support for parental conflict

Reducing parental conflict interventions provided by OnePlusOne are designed to help parents reflect on conflict in their relationship with current or ex-partners, as well as the impact on their children. www.oneplusone.org.uk/practitioners/

If you would like more information on supporting a family where there is conflict present, contact the below:

Telephone: 07554 151514 • Email: rpclead@cambridgeshire.gov.uk

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